Federal Management Regulation

- (e) When you no longer need personal property to carry out the mission of your program, you must:
- (1) Offer the property for reassignment to other activities within your agency.
- (2) Promptly report excess personal property to GSA when it is no longer needed by any activity within your agency for further reuse by eligible recipients.
- (3) Continue the care and handling of excess personal property while it goes through the disposal process.
- (4) Facilitate the timely transfer of excess personal property to other federal agencies or authorized eligible recipients.
- (5) Provide reasonable access to authorized personnel for inspection and removal of excess personal property.
- (6) Ensure that final disposition complies with applicable environmental, health, safety, and national security regulations.

§ 102–36.50 May we use a contractor to perform the functions of excess personal property disposal?

Yes, you may use service contracts to perform disposal functions that are not inherently governmental, such as warehousing or custodial duties. You are responsible for ensuring that the contractor conforms with the requirements of Title 40 of the United States Code and the Federal Management Regulation (41 CFR chapter 102), and any other applicable statutes and regulations when performing these functions.

[65 FR 31218, May 16, 2000, as amended at 71 FR 53571, Sept. 12, 2006]

§ 102-36.55 What is GSA's role in the disposition of excess personal property?

In addition to developing and issuing regulations for the management of excess personal property, GSA:

- (a) Screens and offers available excess personal property to Federal agencies and eligible non-federal recipients.
- (b) Approves and processes transfers of excess personal property to eligible activities.
- (c) Determines the amount of reimbursement for transfers of excess personal property when appropriate.

- (d) Conducts sales of surplus and exchange/sale personal property when requested by an agency.
- (e) Maintains an automated system, GSAXcess®, to facilitate the reporting and transferring of excess personal property.

[65 FR 31218, May 16, 2000, as amended at 71 FR 53571, Sept. 12, 2006]

Subpart B—Acquiring Excess Personal Property For Our Agency

ACQUIRING EXCESS

§ 102–36.60 Who is eligible to acquire excess personal property as authorized by the Property Act?

The following are eligible to acquire excess personal property:

- (a) Federal agencies (for their own use or use by their authorized contractors, cooperatives, and project grantees).
 - (b) The Senate.
 - (c) The House of Representatives.
- (d) The Architect of the Capitol and any activities under his direction.
 - (e) The DC Government.
- (f) Mixed-ownership government corporations as defined in 31 U.S.C. 9101.

§ 102-36.65 Why must we use excess personal property instead of buying new property?

Using excess personal property to the maximum extent practicable maximizes the return on government dollars spent and minimizes expenditures for new procurement. Before purchasing new property, check with the appropriate regional GSA Personal Property Management office or access GSAXcess® for any available excess personal property that may be suitable for your needs. You must use excess personal property unless it would cause serious hardship, be impractical, or impair your operations.

[65 FR 31218, May 16, 2000, as amended at 71 FR 53572, Sept. 12, 2006]

§ 102-36.70 What must we consider when acquiring excess personal property?

Consider the following when acquiring excess personal property:

(a) There must be an authorized requirement.